

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE : FREQUENCY OF OCCURANCE OF A ELEMENT IN ARRAY  
PROGRAMMER   : SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    : COUNTS HOW MANY TOMES AN ELEMENT IS PRESENT  
              IN ARRAY AND DISPLAYS THE COUNT  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class frequency  
{  
    int arr[10],n,ele,i,count;  
public:  
    void getData();  
    void count_Ele();  
    void display();  
};  
  
void frequency::getData()  
{  
    cout<<"Enter the number of elements : ";  
    cin>>n;  
    cout<<"Enter the array elements:"<<endl;  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
        cin>>arr[i];  
    cout<<"Enter the element to be counted :";  
    cin>>ele;  
}  
  
void frequency::count_Ele()  
{  
    count=0;  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
    {  
        if(arr[i]==ele)  
            count++;  
    }  
}  
  
void frequency::display()  
{  
    if ( count > 0)  
        cout<<"Element "<<ele<<" occurs "<<count<<"times";  
    else  
        cout<<"Element "<<ele<<" not found";  
}
```

```
void main()
{
    frequency f;
    clrscr();
    f.getData();
    f.count_Ele();
    f.display();
    getch();
}

/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the number of elements : 5
Enter the array elements:
10
20
60
10
20
Enter the element to be counted :10
Element 10 occurs 2times
*****/
Enter the number of elements : 5
Enter the array elements:
10
50
40
20
60
Enter the element to be counted :70
Element 70 not found
*****/
```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE:  INSERT AN ELEMENT TO ARRAY  
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    :  INSERTS AN ELEMENT IN THE GIVEN POSITION AND  
               RETURNS THE ARRAY AFTER INSERTION  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class array_Insert  
{  
    int n,arr[10],ele,p;  
public:  
    void getData();  
    void insert_Ele();  
    void display();  
};  
  
void array_Insert::getData()  
{  
    cout<<"Enter the number of elements   :";  
    cin>>n;  
    cout<<"Enter the elements to the array  :";  
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)  
        cin>>arr[i];  
    cout<<"Enter the element to be inserted :";  
    cin>>ele;  
    cout<<"Enter the position less than "<<n<<:"";  
    cin>>p;  
}  
  
void array_Insert::insert_Ele()  
{  
    if(p>n)  
        cout<<p<<" is an invalid position!!!";  
    else  
    {  
        for(int i=n-1; i>=p;i--)  
            arr[i+1] = arr[i];  
        arr[p]=ele;  
        n = n+1;  
        cout<<ele<<"is successfully inserted at position "<<p<<endl;  
    }  
}  
  
void array_Insert::display()  
{  
    cout<<"The array for insertion is"<<endl;  
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)  
        cout<<setw(4)<<arr[i];  
}
```

```
void main()
{
    array_Insert ai;
    clrscr();
    ai.getData();
    ai.insert_Ele();
    ai.display();
    getch();
}

/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the number of elements :5
Enter the elements to the array :2
4
6
8
10
Enter the element to be inserted :99
Enter the position less than 5:3
99is successfully inserted at position 3
The array for insertion is
 2 4 6 99 8 10
*****/
Enter the number of elements :5
Enter the elements to the array :1
3
5
7
9
Enter the element to be inserted :6
Enter the position less than 5:8
8 is an invalid position!!!The array for insertion is
 1 3 5 7 9
*****/
```

```

/*-----
PROGRAM TITLE:    DELETE AN ELEMENT FROM ARRAY
PROGRAMMER  :    SHARATH SHETTY B.R.
OBJECTIVE    :    DELETES AN ELEMENT IN THE GIVEN POSITION AND
                  RETURNS THE ARRAY AFTER DELETION
-----*/

#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<iomanip.h>

class array_Del
{
    int n,arr[10],ele,p;
public:
    void getData();
    void delete_Ele();
    void display();
};

void array_Del::getData()
{
    cout<<"Enter the number of elements    :";
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"Enter the elements to the array  :";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        cin>>arr[i];
    cout<<"Enter the position less than "<<n<<":";
    cin>>p;
}

void array_Del::delete_Ele()
{
    if(p<n)
    {
        ele = arr[p];
        for(int i=p;i<n;i++)
            arr[i] = arr[i+1];
        n = n-1;
        cout<<ele<<" at position "<<p<<" is successfully removed"<<endl;
    }
}

void array_Del::display()
{
    if(p>n)
        cout<<p<<" is an invalid position!!!";
    else{
        cout<<"The array atfer deletion is"<<endl;
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
            cout<<setw(4)<<arr[i];
    }
}

```

```
void main()
{
    array_Del ad;
    clrscr();
    ad.getData();
    ad.delete_Ele();
    ad.display();
    getch();
}

/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the number of elements :5
Enter the elements to the array :1
2
3
4
5
Enter the position less than 5:3
4 at position 3 is successfully removed
The array after deletion is
 1 2 3 5
*****/
Enter the number of elements :5
Enter the elements to the array :1
2
3
4
5
Enter the position less than 5:6
6 is an invalid position!!!

*****/
```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE:   SORT AN ARRAY USING INSERTION SORT  
PROGRAMMER  :   SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE   :   SORTS THE ARRAY IN ASCENDING ORDER  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class insertion_sort  
{  
    int arr[10],n,i;  
public:  
    void getData();  
    void sort_Array();  
    void display();  
};  
  
void insertion_sort::getData()  
{  
    cout<<"Enter the number of elements : ";  
    cin>>n;  
    cout<<"Enter the array elements:"<<endl;  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
        cin>>arr[i];  
}  
  
void insertion_sort::sort_Array()  
{  
    int j,temp;  
    for(i=1;i<n-1;i++)  
    {  
        j=i;  
        while((j>=1)&&(arr[j]<arr[j-1]))  
        {  
            temp=arr[j];  
            arr[j]=arr[j-1];  
            arr[j-1]=temp;  
        }  
        j=j-1;  
    }  
}  
  
void insertion_sort::display()  
{  
    cout<<"Elements after sorting are: "<<endl;  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
        cout<<setw(4)<<arr[i];  
}
```

```
void main()
{
    insertion_sort I;
    clrscr();
    I.getData();
    I.sort_Array();
    I.display();
    getch();
}
```

```
/******OUTPUT*****
Enter the number of elements : 5
Enter the array elements:
40
20
30
10
50
Elements after sorting are:
10 20 30 40 50
*****/
```



```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE:  SEARCH AN ELEMENT IN ARRAY USING BINARY SEARCH  
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    :  SEARCHES FOR THE ELEMENT IN THE ARRAY AND IF  
                FOUND DISPLAYS THE LOCATION OF THE ELEMENT  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class binary_search  
{  
    int arr[10],n,ele,i,loc;  
public:  
    void getData();  
    void search_Ele();  
    void display();  
};  
  
void binary_search::getData()  
{  
    cout<<"Enter the number of elements : ";  
    cin>>n;  
    cout<<"Enter the array elements:"<<endl;  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
        cin>>arr[i];  
    cout<<"Enter the element to be searched :";  
    cin>>ele;  
}  
  
void binary_search::search_Ele()  
{  
    int beg,end,mid;  
    beg=0;  
    end=n-1;  
    loc=-1;  
    while(beg<=end)  
    {  
        mid = (beg+end)/2;  
        if ( ele == arr[mid])  
            loc = mid;  
        if ( ele < arr[mid])  
            end = mid - 1;  
        else  
            beg = mid + 1;  
    }  
}  
  
void binary_search::display()  
{  
    if ( loc >= 0)  
        cout<<"Element "<<ele<<" found at "<<loc<<"location";  
}
```

```
else
    cout<<"Element "<<ele<<" not found";
}
```

```
void main()
{
    binary_search b;
    clrscr();
    b.getData();
    b.search_Ele();
    b.display();
    getch();
}
```

```
/******OUTPUT*****
```

```
Enter the number of elements : 5
```

```
Enter the array elements:
```

```
10
```

```
20
```

```
30
```

```
40
```

```
50
```

```
Enter the element to be searched :40
```

```
Element 40 found at 3location
```

```
*****
```

```
Enter the number of elements : 5
```

```
Enter the array elements:
```

```
10
```

```
20
```

```
30
```

```
40
```

```
50
```

```
Enter the element to be searched :66
```

```
Element 66 not found
```

```
***** /
```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE :   SIMPLE INTEREST  
PROGRAMMER    :   SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE     :   ENTER PRINCIPLE,RATE AND TIME, CALCULATE SI  
                USING SI=PTR/100  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class simple_interest  
{  
    int t;  
    float p,r,si;  
public:  
    void getData();  
    void interest_Cal();  
    void display();  
};  
  
void simple_interest::getData()  
{  
    cout<<"Enter the priciple amount   :";  
    cin>>p;  
    cout<<endl;  
    cout<<"Enter the time in years   :";  
    cin>>t;  
    cout<<endl;  
    cout<<"Enter the rate of interest   :";  
    cin>>r;  
}  
  
void simple_interest::interest_Cal()  
{  
    si = (p*t*r)/100;  
}  
void simple_interest::display()  
{  
    cout<<"The simple interest for the given amount is "<<si;  
}  
  
void main()  
{  
    simple_interest S;  
    clrscr();  
    S.getData();  
    S.interest_Cal();  
    S.display();  
    getch();  
}
```

```
/******OUTPUT*****
```

```
Enter the principle amount :10000
```

```
Enter the time in years :2
```

```
Enter the rate of interest :12
```

```
The simple interest for the given amount is 2400
```

```
***** /
```

Sharath Shetty

```

/*-----
PROGRAM TITLE:  ROOTS OF A QUADRATIC EQUATION
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.
OBJECTIVE    :  ENTER THREE MEMBERS AND CALCULATE THE ROOTS.
                CHECK WHETHER THE ROOTS ARE EQAUL, REAL AND
                IMAGINARY
-----*/

#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<iomanip.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<process.h>

class quadratic
{
    double a,b,c,r1,r2,d;
public:
    void getData();
    void calculate_Roots();
    void display();
};

void quadratic::getData()
{
    cout<<"Enter the value for a :";
    cin>>a;
    //cout<<endl;
    cout<<"Enter the value for b :";
    cin>>b;
    // cout<<endl;
    cout<<"Enter the value for c :";
    cin>>c;
    //cout<<endl;
}

void quadratic::calculate_Roots()
{
    d=b*b-4*a*c;
    if(d==0)
    {
        cout<<"Roots are equal"<<endl;
        r1=(-b-sqrt(d))/(2*a);
        r2=r1;
    }
    else if(d>0)
    {
        cout<<"Roots are real "<<endl;
        r1=(-b+sqrt(d))/(2*a);
        r2=(-b-sqrt(d))/(2*a);
    }
    else
}

```

```
{
    cout<<"Roots are imaginary";
    exit(0);
}
}

void quadratic::display()
{
    cout<<"The first root is : "<<r1<<endl;
    cout<<"The second root is: "<<r2<<endl;
}

void main()
{
    quadratic Q;
    clrscr();
    Q.getData();
    Q.calculate_Roots();
    Q.display();
    getch();
}
```

```
/*****OUTPUT*****/
```

```
Enter the value for a :3
Enter the value for b :6
Enter the value for c :3
Roots are equal
The first root is : -1
The second root is: -1
```

```
-----
Enter the value for a :2
Enter the value for b :3
Enter the value for c :1
Roots are real
The first root is : -0.5
The second root is: -1
```

```
-----
Enter the value for a :2
Enter the value for b :-2
Enter the value for c :1
Roots are imaginary
```

```
*****/
```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE: AREA OF GEOMETRIC SHAPES USING FUNCTION  
OVERLOADING  
PROGRAMMER : SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE : CREATES FUNCTIONS WITH THE SAME NAME,  
ARGUMENTS ARE CHANGED ACCORDING TO THE  
FUNCTIONALITY.  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<math.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class area_overload  
{  
float s;  
public:  
double area(double);  
double area(double,double);  
double area(double,double,double);  
};  
  
double area_overload::area(double side)  
{  
return( side * side);  
}  
double area_overload::area(double len, double brd)  
{  
return( len * brd);  
}  
double area_overload::area(double s1, double s2, double s3)  
{  
s=(s1+s2+s3)/2;  
return(sqrt(s*(s-s1)*(s-s2)*(s-s3)));  
}  
  
void main()  
{  
area_overload A;  
int choice;  
double side,len,brd,s1,s2,s3;  
double areaS,areaT,areaR;  
clrscr();  
  
cout<<"Enter the number of inputs( 1, 2 or 3) : ";  
cin>>choice;  
  
switch(choice)  
{  
case 1:cout<<"Enter the side:";
```

```

        cin>>side;
        areaS=A.area(side);
        cout<<"The area of the square is:"<<areaS;
        break;
    case 2:cout<<"Enter the length:";
        cin>>len;
        cout<<"Enter the breadth:";
        cin>>brd;
        areaR=A.area(len,brd);
        cout<<"The area of the rectangle is:"<<areaR;
        break;
    case 3:cout<<"Enter the first side:";
        cin>>s1;
        cout<<"Enter the second side:";
        cin>>s2;
        cout<<"Enter the third side:";
        cin>>s3;
        areaT=A.area(s1,s2,s3);
        cout<<"The area of triangle with 3 sides is:"<<areaT;
        break;
    default:cout<<"Invalid choice!!!Enter option between 1 - 3";
}
getch();
}

```

```

/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the number of inputs( 1, 2 or 3) : 1
Enter the side:9.9
The area of the square is:98.01
*****/
Enter the number of inputs( 1, 2 or 3) : 2
Enter the length:2.5
Enter the breadth:5.0
The area of the rectangle is:12.5
*****/
Enter the number of inputs( 1, 2 or 3) : 3
Enter the first side:1.2
Enter the second side:1.3
Enter the third side:1.5
The area of triangle with 3 sides is:0.748331
*****/
Enter the number of inputs( 1, 2 or 3) : 6
Invalid choice!!!Enter option between 1 - 3

*****/

```



```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE:  CUBE USING INLINE FUNCTIONS  
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    :  FINDS THE CUBE OF A NUMBER  
               USING INLINE FUNCTION  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class Num_cube  
{  
    int a,res;  
public:  
    void getData();  
    inline int cube();  
    void display(int);  
};  
  
void Num_cube::getData()  
{  
    cout<<"Enter the number:";  
    cin>>a;  
}  
  
inline int Num_cube::cube()  
{  
    res= a*a*a;  
    return (res);  
}  
void Num_cube::display(int res)  
{  
    cout<<"The cube of "<<a<<" is "<<res;  
}  
  
void main()  
{  
    Num_cube c;  
    int ans;  
    clrscr();  
    c.getData();  
    ans=c.cube();  
    c.display(ans);  
    getch();  
}  
  
/*****OUTPUT*****/  
Enter the number:5  
The cube of 5 is 125  
*****/
```

```

/*-----
PROGRAM TITLE:    SUM OF SERIES 1+X+X2+...+XN
PROGRAMMER   :    SHARATH SHETTY B.R.
OBJECTIVE    :    FINDS THE SUM OF THE GIVEN SERIES
                  USING CONSTRUCTORS
-----*/

#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<iomanip.h>

class series
{
    int x,n;
public:
    series(int,int);
    int calculate();
};
series::series(int xx, int nn)
{
    x=xx;
    n=nn;
}
int series::calculate()
{
    int t,sum=1;
    t=x;
    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        sum=sum+t;
        t=t*x;
    }
    return sum;
}
void main()
{
    int n,x;
    clrscr();
    cout<<"Enter the values for x and n:";
    cin>>x>>n;
    series s(x,n);
    series r=s; //copying the object instance to another object
    int res=s.calculate();
    int res1=r.calculate();
    cout<<"The sum of the given series is:"<<res<<endl;
    cout<<"The sum of the given series is:"<<res1<<endl;
    getch();
}
/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the values for x and n:5 3
The sum of the given series is:156
The sum of the given series is:156
*****/

```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE:  DISPLAY THE DETAILS OF STUDENT(INHERITANCE)  
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    :  CREATES TWO CLASSES AND DISPLAYS THE STUDENT  
                DETAILS USING SINGLE LEVEL INHERITANCE.  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
  
class student  
{  
    int reg_num;  
    char std_name[25];  
public:  
    void Get_std_details()  
    {  
        cout<<"Enter the register number:";  
        cin>>reg_num;  
        cout<<"Enter the student name  :";  
        cin>>std_name;  
    }  
    void Display_std_details()  
    {  
        cout<<"Register Number :"<<reg_num<<endl;  
        cout<<"Student Name   :"<<std_name<<endl;  
    }  
};  
class marks:public student  
{  
    int m1,m2,total;  
public:  
    void Get_mark_details()  
    {  
        cout<<"Enter marks in English :";  
        cin>>m1;  
        cout<<"Enter marks in Kannada :";  
        cin>>m2;  
    }  
    void Calculate()  
    {  
        total=m1+m2;  
    }  
    void display_mark_details()  
    {  
        cout<<"English       : "<<m1<<endl;  
        cout<<"Kannada       : "<<m2<<endl;  
        cout<<"-----"<<endl;  
        cout<<"          Total : "<<total;  
    }  
};
```

```
void main()
{
    marks M;
    clrscr();
    M.Get_std_details();
    M.Get_mark_details();
    cout<<"*****Student Details*****"<<endl;
    M.Display_std_details();
    M.Calculate();
    M.display_mark_details();

    getch();
}
```

```
/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the register number:1001
Enter the student name :sharath
Enter marks in English :99
Enter marks in Kannada :98
*****Student Details*****
Register Number :1001
Student Name :sharath
English : 99
Kannada : 98
-----
Total : 197
*****/
```

```

/*-----
PROGRAM TITLE:  DISPLAY THE DETAILS OF STUDENT
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.
OBJECTIVE    :  CREATES CLASS AND DISPLAYS THE STUDENT
                DETAILS USING POINTERS
-----*/

#include<iostream.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<iomanip.h>

class school
{
    int reg_num;
    char std_name[25];
    float fees;
public:
    void Get_details()
    {
        cout<<"Enter the register number:";
        cin>>reg_num;
        cout<<"Enter the student name  :";
        cin>>std_name;
        cout<<"Enter the fees          :";
        cin>>fees;
    }
    void Display_details()
    {
        cout<<"Register Number  :"<<reg_num<<endl;
        cout<<"Student Name    :"<<std_name<<endl;
        cout<<"Fees            :"<<fees<<endl;
    }
};

void main()
{
    school s,*s1;
    clrscr();
    s1=&s;
    s1->Get_details();
    cout<<"*****Fees Details*****"<<endl;
    s1->Display_details();
    getch();
}

/*****OUTPUT*****/
Enter the register number:1001
Enter the student name  :santhosh
Enter the fees          :45670.75
*****Fees Details*****
Register Number  :1001
Student Name    :santhosh
Fees            :45670.75
*****/

```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE: PUSH OPERATION ON STACK  
PROGRAMMER   : SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    : INSERTS ELEMENTS TO THE STACK AND  
               DISPLAYS THEM.  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
#include<ctype.h>  
#define MAX 10  
class Stack  
{  
    int arr[MAX],top,n;  
public:  
    Stack();  
    void Push(int);  
    void Print();  
};  
Stack::Stack()  
{  
top = -1;  
}  
void Stack::Push(int item)  
{  
    if( top == MAX-1)  
        cout<<"Stack is Full";  
    top=top+1;  
    arr[top]=item;  
    cout<<"The item"<<item<<"is pushed into the stack"<<endl;  
}  
void Stack::Print()  
{  
    if(top!=-1)  
    {  
        cout<<"The contents of the stack are"<<endl;  
        for(int i=0;i<=top;i++)  
            cout<<setw(3)<<arr[i];  
        cout<<endl;  
    }  
    else  
        cout<<"The stack is Empty"<<endl;  
}
```

```

void main()
{
    Stack S;
    char ch;
    int item;
    clrscr();
    S.Print();
    cout<<endl;
    cout<<"Do you want to push an item(Y/N)? ";
    cin>>ch;
    while(toupper(ch) == 'Y')
    {
        cout<<"Enter the ITEM:";
        cin>>item;
        S.Push(item);
        S.Print();
        cout<<"Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? ";
        cin>>ch;
    }
}

/*****OUTPUT*****/
The stack is Empty

Do you want to push an item(Y/N)? y
Enter the ITEM:10
The item10is pushed into the stack
The contents of the stack are
10
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? y
Enter the ITEM:20
The item20is pushed into the stack
The contents of the stack are
10 20
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? y
Enter the ITEM:30
The item30is pushed into the stack
The contents of the stack are
10 20 30
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? y
Enter the ITEM:40
The item40is pushed into the stack
The contents of the stack are
10 20 30 40
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? n
*****/

```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE: POP OPERATION ON STACK  
PROGRAMMER : SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE : PUSHES THE ELEMENTS TO THE STACK  
TILL USER CHOICE IS Y, AND POPS ALL  
ELEMENTS WHEN CHOICE IS N.  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
#include<ctype.h>  
#define MAX 10  
class Stack  
{  
    int arr[MAX],top,ctr;  
public:  
    Stack();  
    void Push(int);  
    void Pop();  
    int is_Empty();  
    void Print();  
};  
Stack::Stack()  
{  
    top = -1;  
}  
void Stack::Push(int item)  
{  
    if( top == MAX-1)  
        cout<<"Stack is Full";  
    top=top+1;  
    arr[top]=item;  
    cout<<"The item"<<item<<"is pushed into the stack"<<endl;  
}  
void Stack::Print()  
{  
    if(top!=-1)  
    {  
        cout<<"The contents of the stack are"<<endl;  
        for(int i=0;i<=top;i++)  
            cout<<setw(3)<<arr[i];  
        cout<<endl;  
    }  
    else  
        cout<<"The stack is Empty"<<endl;  
}  
void Stack::Pop()  
{  
    if(top == -1)  
        cout<<"Stack is empty";  
    else  
    {
```



```
int item = arr[top];
top=top-1;
cout<<"The element "<<item<<"is removed from the stack"<<endl;
}
}
int Stack::is_Empty()
{
if(top == -1)
return 1;
else
return 0;
}

void main()
{
Stack S;
char ch;
int item;
clrscr();
S.Print();
cout<<endl;
cout<<"Do you want to push an item(Y/N)? ";
cin>>ch;
while(toupper(ch) == 'Y')
{
cout<<"Enter the ITEM:";
cin>>item;
S.Push(item);
S.Print();
cout<<"Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? ";
cin>>ch;

if(ch=='N' || ch=='n')
{
while(S.is_Empty()!=1)
{
S.Pop();
S.Print();
}
}
}
getch();
}
```

```
/******OUTPUT*****  
Do you want to push an item(Y/N)? y  
Enter the ITEM:2  
The item2is pushed into the stack  
The contents of the stack are  
2  
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? y  
Enter the ITEM:4  
The item4is pushed into the stack  
The contents of the stack are  
2 4  
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? y  
Enter the ITEM:6  
The item6is pushed into the stack  
The contents of the stack are  
2 4 6  
Do you want to Push another ITEM (Y/N)? n  
The element 6is removed from the stack  
The contents of the stack are  
2 4  
The element 4is removed from the stack  
The contents of the stack are  
2  
The element 2is removed from the stack  
The stack is Empty  
*****/
```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE: ENQUEUE AND DEQUEUE  
PROGRAMMER : SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE : INSERTS THE ELEMENTS TO THE  
QUEUE AND DELETES THE ELEMENTS  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
#include<iomanip.h>  
#include<ctype.h>  
#define MAX 10  
class Queue  
{  
int arr[MAX],front,rear,count,tot;  
public:  
Queue();  
void Ins_Queue(int item);  
int Del_Queue();  
int Qsize();  
void display();  
};  
Queue::Queue()  
{  
front=0;  
rear=MAX-1;  
count=0;  
}  
void Queue::Ins_Queue(int item)  
{  
rear=(rear+1)%MAX;  
arr[rear]=item;  
cout<<"The item"<<item<<"is inserted into the Queue"<<endl;  
count++;  
}  
int Queue::Del_Queue()  
{  
int ele = arr[front];  
front=(front+1)%MAX;  
count--;  
cout<<"The item "<<ele<<" is deleted from the Queue"<<endl;  
return ele;  
}  
void Queue::display()  
{  
if(count>0)  
{  
cout<<"The elements in the Queue are:"<<endl;  
for(int i=front;i<=rear;i++)  
cout<<setw(4)<<arr[i];  
cout<<endl;  
}  
}
```

```

int Queue::Qsize()
{
    tot=0;
    for(int i=front;i<=rear;i++)
        tot++;
    return (tot);
}
void main()
{
    Queue Q;
    char ch;
    int item;
    clrscr();
    cout<<"Do you want to insert elements into Queue (Y/N):";
    cin>>ch;
    while(toupper(ch) == 'Y')
    {
        cout<<"Enter the item:";
        cin>>item;
        Q.Ins_Que(item);

        cout<<"Do you want to insert elements into Queue (Y/N):";
        cin>>ch;
        if(ch=='N' || ch=='n')
        {
            Q.display();
            int n=Q.Qsize();
            for(int j=0;j<n;j++)
                Q.Del_Que();
        }
    }

    getch();
}

```

```

/*****OUTPUT*****/
Do you want to insert elements into Queue (Y/N):y
Enter the item:1
The item1is inserted into the Queue
Do you want to insert elements into Queue (Y/N):y
Enter the item:2
The item2is inserted into the Queue
Do you want to insert elements into Queue (Y/N):y
Enter the item:3
The item3is inserted into the Queue
Do you want to insert elements into Queue (Y/N):n
The elements in the Queue are:
 1  2  3
The item 1 is deleted from the Queue
The item 2 is deleted from the Queue
The item 3 is deleted from the Queue
*****/

```

```
/*-----  
PROGRAM TITLE:  INSERT A NODE TO LINKED LIST  
PROGRAMMER   :  SHARATH SHETTY B.R.  
OBJECTIVE    :  INSERTS A NEW NODE TO THE LIST  
               USING CLASS AND OBJECTS  
-----*/  
  
#include<iostream.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<ctype.h>  
#include<conio.h>  
class Link_List  
{  
    struct Node  
    {  
        int data;  
        Node *link;  
    }*START;  
public:  
    Link_List();  
    void Insert_End(int);  
    void Count_Nodes();  
    void Display_List();  
};  
Link_List::Link_List()  
{  
    START=NULL;  
}  
void Link_List::Insert_End(int num)  
{  
    Node *newNode;  
    newNode = new Node;  
    newNode->data = num;  
    newNode->link = NULL;  
    if( START == NULL)  
    {  
        START = newNode;  
        cout<<endl<<num<<" is inserted at the first position"<<endl;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        Node *temp = START;  
        while(temp->link != NULL )  
            temp = temp->link;  
        temp ->link = newNode;  
        cout<<endl<<num<<" is inserted to the list"<<endl;  
    }  
}
```

```
void Link_List::Count_Nodes()
{
    Node *temp;
    int c=0;
    for(temp = START; temp !=NULL;temp=temp->link)
        c++;
    cout<<"The number of nodes in the list :"<<c<<endl;
}

void Link_List::Display_List()
{
    if (START == NULL)
    {
        cout<<"List is empty"<<endl;
        return;
    }
    cout<<"Linked List contains:"<<endl;
    Node *temp = START;
    while(temp != NULL)
    {
        cout<<temp->data<<" ";
        cout<<endl;
        temp = temp->link;
    }
    cout<<"NULL"<<endl;
}

void main()
{
    Link_List *L = new Link_List();
    clrscr();
    L->Display_List();
    int ele;
    char ch;
    do{
        cout<<"Enter the data field of node:";
        cin>>ele;
        L->Insert_End(ele);
        cout<<"Do you wish to enter another node Y/N:";
        cin>>ch;
    }while(toupper(ch)=='Y');
    L->Display_List();
    L->Count_Nodes();
    getch();
}
```

```
/******OUTPUT*****  
List is empty  
Enter the data field of node:6  
  
6 is inserted at the first position  
Do you wish to enter another node Y/N:y  
Enter the data field of node:66  
  
66is inserted to the list  
Do you wish to enter another node Y/N:y  
Enter the data field of node:666  
  
666is inserted to the list  
Do you wish to enter another node Y/N:n  
Linked List contains:  
6  
66  
666  
NULL  
The number of nodes in the list :3  
*****/
```