

I PUC
WORLD HISTORY

CHAPTER I
INTRODUCTION

**I. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN ONE WORD OR ONE SENTENCE EACH.
(EACH CARRIES 1 MARK)**

1. What is the meaning of the word 'Historia'?
A: The word 'Historia' means enquiry or investigation.

2. From which language is the term 'Historia' derived?
A: The term Historia is derived from the Greek language.

3. Who is called the 'Father of History'?
A: Herodotus.

4. To which country did Herodotus belong?
A: Greece.

5. Mention the work of Herodotus.
A: "The History of the Persian wars"

6. Who wrote the book 'The city of God'?
A: St. Augustine.

7. Who gave the economic interpretation of history?
A: Karl Max.

8. Write the definition of history by Karl Max.

A: According to Karl Max, "History is the story of the struggle between the haves and the have nots"

9. What is J.B.Burly's definition of History?

A: According to J.B.Burly, "History is a science.; no less and no more".

10. Mention the book of Arnold Toynbee.

A: "A Study of History"

11. Who defined History as – "The rise and fall of civilizations"?

A: Arnold Toynbee.

12. What is the definition of Jawaharlal Nehru about History?

A: According to Nehru,"History is a story of man from Barbarism to civilization".

II. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN 2 WORDS OR 2 SENTENCES EACH. (EACH CARRIES 2 MARKS)

1. Mention any two definitions of History.

A: a) According to Herodotus, " History is a record of great heroes and unique events to be remembered by the future generations."

b) According to St.Augustine, "History is the story of the struggle between God and Satan, which would ultimately end in the victory of God(good) over Satan(evil).

2. Name the works of Karl Max.

A: a) 'Das Capital'

b) 'Communist Manifesto'.

3. Which are the two important works of Jawaharlal Nehru?

A: a) 'Discovery of India'

b) 'The Glimpses of World History'.

4. Mention any two professional uses of history.

A: a) It is the main subject for competitive exams like IAS, IPS, IFS, KAS etc.

b) It is necessary For Students, Teachers, Lawyers, Journalists, Administrators and Statesmen.

III. ANSWER IN 15 TO 20 SENTENCES. (EACH CARRIES 5 MARKS).

1. Write the definitions of History.

A: a) According to Herodotus, "History is a record of great heroes and unique events to be remembered by the future generations."

b) According to St. Augustine, "History is the story of the struggle between God and Satan, which would ultimately end in the victory of God(good) over Satan(evil).

c) According to Karl Max, "History is the story of the struggle between the haves and the have nots".

d) According to J.B. Burry, "History is a science.; no less and no more".

f) According to Arnold Toynbee, "History is story of The rise and fall of civilizations".

g) According to Nehru, "History is a story of man from Barbarism to civilization".

2. Explain the importance of the study of History.

A: 1) History is the memory of past events:

The study of history gives us information about the biographies of great men and a record of major events of the world.

2) History teaches religious tolerance:

The various religious stalwarts have propagated the concept of religious harmony in the society and this is very essential for maintaining peace. Peace leads to prosperity.

3) History is the source of inspiration:

History tells us about the great life experiences of great personalities like Abraham Lincoln, Mahatma Gandhi etc. and thus inspires us to lead a better life.

4) History promotes patriotism.

The knowledge about one's nation's heritage makes one feel proud and patriotic, lays a strong foundation for feelings of nationalism and unity.

5) History is a laboratory of social sciences:

History supplies data to social sciences like Economics, Sociology etc. and thus is the root of all social sciences.

6) History infuses noble ideas.

History throws light on noble ideas like liberty, fraternity, non-violence, kindness, forgiveness etc. that was put forward by our great personalities and inspires us to follow their path.

7) History helps to broaden our outlook:

The study of history tells us about different cultures, traditions, customs, developments, civilizations and thus helps to broaden our outlook towards life and mankind.

8) History promotes international peace.

History helps us to understand the misgivings of wars and thus the importance of maintaining peace in the world.

9) History has professional uses:

History is the main subject for many competitive exams and is of great use for professionals like Teachers, Lawyers, Journalists, Administrators, Statesmen and also for students.

10) History removes prejudices.

History helps us to remove prejudices relating to caste, creed, religion, class, language etc. and makes us understand that extreme nationalism is very harmful for the world.